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Safety Data Sheet

CORPORATION

1. Identification			
Product Name:	STRUST QT 2PK HAMMER DEEP GRN	Revision Date:	11/20/2015
Product Identifier:	7211502	Supercedes Date:	5/15/2015
Product Use/Class:	Hammer Finish		

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable Liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Skin Sensitizer, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer.
STOT, repeated exposure, category 1	H372	Causes damage to organs.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

	MENTS .
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. NO SMOKING.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P260	Do not breathe dust, fumes, gases, mists, vapors, or spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEME P240 P241	ENTS Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242	
P243	
P270	
P363	

Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.%</u> Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	25-50	GHS08	H304
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	2.5-10	GHS07-GHS08	H304-332-340-350
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H226-304-315-319-332-335
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	1.0-2.5	GHS08	H304-372
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	111-76-2	1.0-2.5	GHS07	H302-312-315-319-332
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H226-335
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-332-373
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H304-372
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1-1.0	GHS05-GHS06	H302-312-317-318-331
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Alkylate	64741-65-7	0.1-1.0	GHS06-GHS08	H304-331-340-350
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	0.1-1.0	GHS06	H302-312-331
Cumene	98-82-8	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H226-302-304-332-335-351
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Eliminate all ignition sources; use explosion-proof equipment. Place material in a container and dispose of according to local, provincial, state and federal regulations. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	30.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	111-76-2	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	50 ppm	N.E.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	1.0	100 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	1.0	10 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Alkylate	64741-65-7	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Cumene	98-82-8	1.0	50 ppm	N.E.	50 ppm	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Liquid	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Relative Density:	0.931	pH:	N.E.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/	
Decompostion Temp., °C:	N.D.	water:	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C:	125 - 196	Explosive Limits, vol%:	0.9 - 10.6
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	11
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than Ether	Auto-ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. May cause headaches and dizziness. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B).

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	>4951 mg/L Rat
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3280 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	18 mg/L Rat
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	>5000 mg/kg Rat	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	4951 mg/L Rat
111-76-2	Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	470 mg/kg Rat	1,060 mg/kg Rabbit	11 mg/L

108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
96-29-7	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime
64741-65-7	Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Alkylate
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol
98-82-8	Cumene
1333-86-4	Carbon Black

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

N.I.

3500 mg/kg Rat

930 mg/kg Rat

>7000 mg/kg Rat

1230 mg/kg Rat

1400 mg/kg Rat

>15400 mg/kg Rat

N.I.

15400 mg/kg Rabbit

1100 mg/kg Rabbit

>2000 mg/kg Rabbit

2000 mg/kg Rabbit

88314 mg/kg Rabbit

Ň.I.

14. Transport Information

	<u>Domestic (USDOT)</u>	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Paint	Paint	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	II	II	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	111-76-2
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
n-Nonane	111-84-2

24 mg/L Rat 17.2 mg/L Rat >4.8 mg/L Rat >5.04 mg/L Rat 8.8 mg/L Rat N.I. N.I.

16. Other Information

HMIS RAT Health:	FINGS 2*	Flammability:	3	Physical Hazard:	0	Personal Protection:	x
NFPA RA ⁻ Health:	TINGS 2	Flammability:	3	Instability	0		
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 431							
SDS REVISION DATE:			11/20/2015				
REASON FOR REVISION:			Product Composition Changed Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s): 01 - Identification 02 - Hazard Identification 05 - Fire-fighting Measures 09 - Physical & Chemical Properties 14 - Transport Information 15 - Regulatory Information 16 - Other Information Statement(s) Changed				
Legend: N.A Not Applicable, N.E Not Established, N.D Not Determined							

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