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Batteries

Explanation: Many problems are resolved with fresh batteries of the appropriate voltage. Many items sent in under warranty work, when tested with fresh batteries. Batteries manufactured this year will have an expiration date 10 years (or more) in the future. Battery technology has improved, and batteries will maintain voltage longer in storage. However, the environment the batteries reside in for the 10 years can deplete the power.

- We suggest name brand Alkaline batteries for **indoor displays**.
- A minimum voltage of 1.48V for each battery is necessary for proper performance.
- Use batteries dated at least six years in advance of the current year. Batteries dated earlier than six years from now may still work but may be unstable in performance.
- Good name brand batteries make less noise, which reduces the chance of RF (radio frequency) interference from the battery compartment.

Digital Clock Factory Restart

Explanation: The factory restart returns the clock and outdoor sensor to an “out-of-the-box” default state and often resolves an issue.

Factory Restart:

1. Remove all power from outdoor sensor and clock.
2. Press one of the buttons on the clock at least 20 times to clear all memory.
3. Verify that the clock is blank before proceeding (there may be lines painted on the screen that will show when there is no power).
4. **Leave both units without power for 15 minutes** (very important).
5. Insert fresh batteries into the outdoor sensor, then into the clock.
6. Press the TX button on the outdoor sensor to transmit RF signal.
7. Keep the outdoor sensor 5-10 feet from the clock.
8. When RF connection is established, the temperature will appear on the station. Allow the outdoor sensor and clock to sit together for 15 minutes to establish a strong connection.
9. Do not press buttons for 15 minutes.
 - For optimum 433MHz transmission, place the outdoor sensor no more than 330 feet (100 meters, open air) from the clock.
 - See the section on [mounting](#) and [distance/resistance/interference](#) for details on mounting the outdoor sensor.

Compatible Remote sensors

- The TX191 remote sensor comes packaged with this atomic clock.
- The TX191 (433MHz) remote sensor is compatible with this atomic clock.

Power Requirements

- 2-AA [batteries](#) power the remote sensor.
- 3-AAA [batteries](#) power the clock.
- We recommend Alkaline batteries for the remote sensor.

Quick Connect

Explanation: If sensor loses connection to the clock for any reason, the clock will show **NO** in the outdoor temperature area after 30 minutes. The clock will search for 3 minutes every hour to reconnect with sensor.

- Hold the **PLUS (+)** button 2 seconds to search for the outdoor sensor.

Dashes show for Remote Temperature

Explanation: Dashes mean the connection is lost between the atomic clock and the remote sensor.

- Batteries often resolve the connection.
- Distance/Resistance can cause loss of connection between the remote sensor and the atomic clock.
- Turn the atomic clock 90 degrees towards the remote sensor to provide better reception. This allows more antenna surface to face the remote sensor signal.
- Try the quick connect or factory restart.

Inaccurate Remote Temperature Reading

Explanation: High remote temperature readings are generally a location issue. Low remote temperature readings are power related or a sensor going bad.

- The remote sensor reads the environment where it is mounted. When mounted inside the home, it will read inside temperature.
- When the remote sensor reads high during the day, but not at night, it is a positioning problem.
- Look for heat sources such as sunlight, door or window frames or reflected heat.

Side-by-side test: Place the remote sensor right next to the atomic clock for 2 hours.

- Compare indoor and remote temperature. The temperatures should be within 4 degrees to be within tolerance.
- If the remote sensor reads correctly when next to the atomic clock, try a different location outside.

Intermittent Remote Temperature

Explanation: Intermittent problems are the hardest to resolve. RF (radio frequency) communication may come and go occasionally. This can be normal in some environments (e.g. moister climates). If remote sensor signal is lost, please wait 2-4 hours for the signal to reconnect on its own.

- Move the remote sensor to a closer location.
- Distance/Resistance can cause loss of remote sensor signal.
- Check Batteries.

Freezer test: Confirm the atomic clock is reading the correct remote sensor (not a neighbor's sensor). Place the remote sensor in the freezer for an hour and watch the temperature drop on the atomic clock.

Indoor distance test: Please complete the [Restart](#) with remote sensor and atomic clock 5-10 feet apart and inside to establish a strong connection.

- After 15 minutes, if there is a reading in the remote temperature area, move the remote sensor to another room with one wall between the remote sensor and the atomic clock.
- Observe to see if the temperature remains on consistently for 1 hour.
- If the temperature remains on while in the house, then it is likely a [distance/resistance](#) issue.
- Move the remote sensor to different locations outside to find a location where the temperature reading will hold.

Remote Temperature is stuck or HH.H, LL.L

Explanation: These symbols are error messages indicating the remote sensor is outside of its readable range.

- Check [Batteries](#). Overpowered or underpowered batteries can cause this reading.
- Replace remote sensor.

Remote sensor drains batteries quickly

- Test a new set of alkaline batteries. Write down the date of installation and the voltage of the batteries.
- When the batteries fail, please note the date and voltage again.
- Check the [distance](#) and [resistance](#) between the remote sensor and atomic clock. Remote sensors at the end of the range may work while batteries are fresh but not after they drain a bit.
- Check for leaking batteries, which may damage the remote sensor.
- Battery life is over 18 months when using reputable battery brands.

Remote sensor fell. The sensor no longer works

Explanation: If there is no physical damage to the remote sensor, the fall may not have caused internal damage. A fall can shock the remote sensor or the batteries in the remote sensor. Batteries that have fallen on a hard surface may be damaged and unable to function properly.

- Complete a [Restart](#) with fresh batteries.
- Use [Batteries](#) dated at least six years in advance of the current year. Batteries dated earlier than six years from now may still work but may be unstable in performance.

Note: A remote sensor that has fallen into puddle, snow, or other standing water, will likely have water damage and need to be replaced. Remote sensors are water resistant, not waterproof.

Replacement Remote sensors

- Visit your local Retailer or La Crosse Technology® Store
- **Note:** Be sure to order the correct model and frequency to avoid receiving the incorrect item.
- Call La Crosse Technology® Store or e-mail from the store website if you are unsure about the correct item to order. Each item carries the original new product warranty and includes access to La Crosse Technology® technical support.

Mounting/Positioning Remote sensor

First: Place the remote sensor in the desired shaded location and the atomic clock in the home. Wait approximately 1 hour before permanently mounting the remote sensor to ensure that there is proper reception.

POSITION

Outdoor:

- Protect the remote sensor from standing rain or snow and from the overhead sun, which can cause it to read incorrectly.
- Mounting under an eave or deck rail works well.
- If you choose, you can construct a small roof or box for the remote sensor. Be sure a box has vents.
- Mount the remote sensor on the North side where to prevent sun from causing incorrect readings.
- Mount at least 6 feet in the air for a strong RF (radio frequency) signal.
- Do not mount the remote sensor on a metal fence. This significantly reduces the effective range.
- Remote sensors are water resistant, not waterproof.

Indoor or Outdoor:

- Mount remote temperature sensor **vertically**.
- Avoid more than one wall between the remote sensor and the atomic clock.
- The maximum transmitting range in open air is over 200 feet (60 meters).
- Obstacles such as walls, windows, stucco, concrete and large metal objects can reduce the range.
- Do not mount near electrical wires, transmitting antennas or other items that will interfere with the signal.
- RF (radio frequency) signals do not travel well through moisture or dirt.

MOUNT

Option 1:

- Install one mounting screw (not included) into a wall.
- Place the remote sensor onto the screw (hanging hole on the backside).
- Gently pull down to lock the screw in place.

Option 2:

- Insert the mounting screw through the front of the remote sensor and into the wall.

- Tighten the screw to snug (do not over tighten).

Fahrenheit/Celsius

- Use the [program menu](#) to switch from Fahrenheit to Celsius.

Supported Time Zones

- This clock has 7 Time Zones: **AST**=Atlantic, **EST**= Eastern, **CST**= Central, **MST**= Mountain, **PST**= Pacific, **AKT**= Alaska, **HAT**=Hawaiian The digital clock works in North America.
- Outside of North America, the digital clock will not receive a WWVB signal, but will keep time like a quartz clock.

Dashes, HHH, LLL or Stuck Indoor Temperature

Explanation: These symbols are error messages indication the indoor sensor is outside of its readable range. For indoor readings, this is generally a power related issue.

- This is generally a power related issue.
- [Batteries](#) may be overpowered or underpowered. Remove batteries from atomic digital clock.
- Press any button 20 times. Leave the digital clock unpowered for 1-2 hours.
- Insert fresh alkaline batteries with correct polarity.
- If the indoor temperature is still dashes or HHH, LLL, the digital clock may need replacement.

Does the clock have a backlight?

- No, as this clock is battery operated there is no backlight.

Time is off by hours

- Check to see if the [WWVB](#) Tower icon appears on the atomic digital clock. If not, the digital clock has not received a WWVB time signal in the past 24 hours.
- Reposition the digital clock with the front or back facing Colorado.
- Check that the [Time Zone](#) selected correctly reflects your location. Adjust the time zone in the [Program Menu](#).
- Check that the DST indicator is correct for your location (most areas observe DST so this should be ON). Adjust the DST indicator in the [Program Menu](#).
- Large buildings, metal roofed buildings and buildings or rooms full of electrical and/or radio equipment make it difficult to receive the WWVB time signal.

Daylight Saving Time

Some states are considering going to year around Daylight Saving Time. We have built in options to accommodate this feature into the program menu.

DST AUTO ON: (Automatically gain 1 hour in spring, lose 1 hour in fall)

DST OFF: (Remain in Standard Time all year long)

DST ON: (Remain in Daylight Saving Time all year long)

- Dependent on your location, position of the clock in your home, and atmospheric interference, it may take up to 5 nights for the change from Daylight Savings Time to Standard Time and vice-versa to occur.
- Check for a WWVB Tower Icon showing on the atomic digital clock. The tower icon indicates you have received the WWVB signal from Ft Collins CO in the past 24 hours.
- Check that the clock is in the correct Time Zone.
- Check whether the DST indicator is AUTO ON, OFF or ON. If the indicator is OFF or ON the clock will not change seasonally.
- Check for fresh batteries. Without proper batteries, the antenna will have a harder time picking up the signal.
- Position the digital clock in a window (*with the front or back*) facing Ft. Collins, Colorado and leave for up to five nights. If you do not have a window facing this direction, position the clock near an outside wall and point the unit in this general direction.

Manually Set Time/Date: Program Menu

There are seven function buttons: **SNOOZE** | **ALARM** | **SET** | **+** (PLUS) | **-** (MINUS)

1. Hold the **SET** button 2 seconds to enter settings mode.
2. Press the **+** or **-** button to adjust the flashing values.
3. Hold the **+** or **-** buttons to adjust quickly.
4. Press the **SET** button to confirm adjustments and move to the next item.
5. Press the **SNOOZE** button at any time to exit.

Time set order:

- Language (English, Español, Français)
- Beep ON/OFF
- Atomic ON/OFF
- DST AUTO ON / DST OFF / DST ON
- Time Zone
- Hour
- Minutes
- Year
- Month
- Date
- Temperature Fahrenheit/Celsius

To begin:

1. Hold the SET button for 2 seconds to enter setting mode. **ENGLISH** will flash. Press the **+** or **-** button to select language.
2. Press SET to confirm and move to beep sound ON/OFF. **BEEP ON** will show. ON flashes. Press the **+** or **-** button to turn the button beep sound off.
3. Press SET to confirm and move to the atomic time ON/OFF. **ATOMIC ON** will show. ON flashes. Press the **+** or **-** button if you do not want Atomic Time signal (OFF).

4. Press SET to confirm and move to the Daylight Saving Indicator. **DST AUTO ON** will show. ON flashes. Press the + or - button to turn DST OFF if you do not observe Daylight Saving Time changes, or to DST ON for all year Daylight Saving Time.
5. Press SET to confirm and move to the Time Zone. **EASTERN** will flash. Press the + or - button to select your time zone.
6. Press SET to confirm and move to the hour. The **HOUR** will flash. Press the + or - button to choose the hour.
7. Press SET to confirm and move to the minutes. The **MINUTES** will flash. Press the + or - button to choose the minutes.
8. Press SET to confirm and move to the year. The **YEAR** will show. **19** will flash. Press the + or - button to change the year.
9. Press SET to confirm and move to the month. The **MONTH** will show. Month number will flash. Press the + or - button to change the month.
10. Press SET to confirm and move to the date. **DATE** will show. Date number will flash. Press the + or - button to change the date.
11. Press SET to confirm and move to the temperature unit. **TEMP °F** will show. °F will flash. Press the + or - button if you prefer °C (Celsius).
12. Press SET to confirm and exit.

No WWVB Tower Icon

- The digital clock has not received a WWVB time signal in the past 24 hours.
- Position the digital clock for better reception.
- Press and release the PLUS (+) button to send the digital clock on a WWVB signal search at night.
- Allow up to 5 nights to receive the time signal.

Set Time Alarm

1. Hold the **ALARM** button 2 seconds to enter settings mode.
2. Press the + or - button to adjust the flashing values.
3. Hold the + or - buttons to adjust quickly.
4. Press the **ALARM** button to confirm adjustments and move to the next item.
5. Press the **SNOOZE** button at any time to exit.

Activate/Deactivate Time Alarm

- The alarm is active when set.
- From normal time display, press and release the ALARM button to deactivate or activate the alarm. The alarm time will show for 2 seconds.
- Alarm icon (bell) will show then active

Snooze Alarm

- When alarm sounds, press the SNOOZE button to silence alarm for 10 minutes.
- The alarm icon (bell) will flash
- Press any button except SNOOZE to silence the alarm for 24 hours

Custom Date Display

- Press the SET button to switch between a full weekday or weekday with month and date to display.

Digital clock has distorted or frozen display

Explanation: On a brand new digital clock, check for thin plastic film of **printed scratch guard** that may be on the screen of the digital clock. This thin piece of plastic has printed numbers for store displays. When the batteries are installed, the “real” numbers show behind the printed scratch guard and create distortion.

- With all power removed, the digital clock should be blank.
- If numbers still appear, please check for scratch guard.

Power:

- Check that the batteries are installed correctly.
- This is generally a power related issue.
- Batteries may be overpowered or underpowered.
- Remove batteries from digital clock.
- Press any button 20 times. Leave the batteries out of the display for 2 hours.
- Insert batteries into the digital clock.

Digital clock is blank: No letters, numbers or dashed lines

- Check that the batteries are installed correctly.
- Batteries may be overpowered or underpowered.
- Remove batteries from digital clock.
- Press any button 20 times. Leave the batteries out of the display for 2 hours.
- Insert batteries into the digital clock.

Day of the week is incorrect.

- Check the year setting in the program menu. The day of the week sets automatically based on the setting of the year, month and date.

Digital clock drains batteries quickly

- Test a new set of alkaline batteries. Write down the date of installation and the voltage of the batteries.
- When the batteries fail, please note the date and voltage again. This is helpful in determining the problem.
- Check for leaking batteries, which may damage the digital clock.

Digital clock has missing segments

Explanation: When parts of numbers, letters, or pictures are missing on the display, it is often power related.

- With all power removed, the digital clock should be blank.
- If numbers still appear, please check for scratch guard.

Power:

- Check that the batteries are installed correctly.
- This is generally a power related issue.
- Batteries may be overpowered or underpowered.
- Remove batteries from digital clock.
- Press any button 20 times. Leave the batteries out of the display for 2 hours.
- Insert batteries into the digital clock.