

Safety Data Sheet

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this SDS are further described in Section 16.

1. Identification

Product Name: Blacktop Asphalt Low VOC Sealant Revision Date: 1/10/2017

Manufacturer: DAP Products Inc. Product Use/Class: Asphalt Sealant

SDS No: 00079955001

Preparer: Regulatory and Environmental

Affairs

2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification

Acute Tox. 4 Inhalation, Eye Irrit. 2

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Warning

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Eye Irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt. % GH	IS Symbols	GHS Statements
Asphalt	8052-42-4	10-30 GH	IS07	H332
Silica, amorphous	7631-86-9	7-13 GH	IS07	H332
Calcined Clay	66402-68-4	5-10 GH	IS06	H319-331
alpha-Alumina	1344-28-1	3-7 GH	IS07	H332-335
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	1-5 GH	IS06	H319-330
Potassium oxide	12136-45-7	1-5 GH	IS05	H314
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.5-1.5 No	Information	No Information

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - INHALATION: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued breathing difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately. If there are signs or symptoms of hydrogen sulfide exposure (respiratory tract irritation, headache, dizziness, nausea, gastrointestinal disturbances, coughing, a sensation of dryness and pain in the nose, throat and chest, confusion and unconsciousness), move the person to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration. Call a doctor.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water for 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: No Information

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

6. Accidental Release Measures

ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES: No Information

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use in well ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: No Information

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits

A PEL-CEILING

Potassium oxideN.E.N.E.N.E.N.E.N.E.Titanium dioxideN.E.N.E.N.E.N.E.N.E.

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be necessary under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. If concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved supplied air respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor is exceeded, use of a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.



SKIN PROTECTION: Wear neoprene gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Provide eyewash and solvent impervious apron if body contact may occur.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Colored **Physical State:** No Information Slight Solvent Odor: Odor Threshold: Not Established Density, g/cm3: 1.33 - 1.33 :Ha No Information Freeze Point, °C: Not Established Viscosity (mPa.s): Not Established Solubility in Water: Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water: No Information Not Established Explosive Limits, %: Decomposition Temperature, °C: N.I. - N.I. Not Established N.I. - N.I. Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C Not Established Boiling Range, °C: Minimum Flash Point, °C: No Information Vapor Pressure, mmHg: Not Established **Evaporation Rate:** No Information Flash Method: Seta Closed Cup Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air Flammability, NFPA: Non-Flammable Combustible Dust: Does not support combustion

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat and freezing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong acids and strong bases.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides

11. Toxicological Information

tract. This substance contains sulfur compounds that may form hydrogen sulfide. The rotten eggs odor of hydrogen sulfide is unreliable as an indicator of concentration. Signs and symptoms of over exposure to hydrogen sulfide include respiratory tract irritation, headaches, dizziness, nausea, gastrointestinal disturbances, coughing, a sensation of dryness and pain in the nose, throat and chest, confusion and unconsciousness. Hydrogen sulfide concentrations of 1000-2000 ppm can be extremely hazardous. This hazard evaluation is based on data from similar materials.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation. Prolonged exposure to the skin may dry the skin and cause dermatitis or burns.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: May cause eye irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Ingestion may result in obstruction when material hardens.

CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: This product contains clay, which contains crystalline silica. Crystalline silica has been listed as a carcinogen by IARC; however, the particles are coated with asphalt and are not available for inhalation. As such, there is little or no chance of inhalation of crystalline silica and resultant diseases. Studies in which mice were exposed to a variety of whole asphalts did not result in any increased cancer rate; mice exposed to asphalts diluted with hydrocarbon solvents had increased incidence of certain types of cancer. Brief or intermittent skin contact with this asphalt product is not expected to produce any delayed effects. While normal handling of this product is not likely to cause cancer in humans, skin contact and breathing of mists or vapors should be reduced to a minimum.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Inhalation, Skin Contact

Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u> 8052-42-4	<u>Chemical Name</u> Asphalt	Oral LD50 >5000 mg/kg Rat	Dermal LD50 >2000 mg/kg Rabbit	Vapor LC50 >20 mg/L
7631-86-9	Silica, amorphous	>3300 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L
66402-68-4	Calcined Clay	>15900 mg/kg Rat	>2500 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L
1344-28-1	alpha-Alumina	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg	> 20 mg/L
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg	>20 mg/L
12136-45-7	Potassium oxide	N.I.	N.I.	>20 mg/L
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L

N.I. = No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No Information

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261. Dispose as hazardous waste according to all local, state, federal and provincial regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste. Liquids cannot be disposed of in a landfill. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

14. Transport Information

DOT UN/NA Number: No Information
DOT Proper Shipping Name: No Information

DOT Technical Name: N.A.
DOT Hazard Class: N.A.

Hazard SubClass: No Information Packing Group: No Information

15. Regulatory Information

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical NameCAS-No.alpha-Alumina1344-28-1

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information

Revision Date: 1/10/2017 Supersedes Date: 6/19/2015

Reason for revision:Substance Regulatory CAS Number Changed Substance Hazardous Flag Changed

Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed

Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):

01 - Product Information

09 - Physical & Chemical Information 11 - Toxicological Information

16 - Other Information Statement(s) Changed

Datasheet produced by: Regulatory Department

HMIS Ratings:

Health: Flammability: Reactivity: Personal Protection:

1 1 0 X

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L: 0.0

VOC Material, g/L: 0

VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%: 0.00

VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%: No Information

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
11017	Oddoco ocycle okili ballio dila cyc dalliage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.